## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Claims 1-39. (Canceled).

40. (New) A compound of formula IA:

wherein,

X is O or S;

Z is -CHR<sub>8</sub>-;

 $R_1$  is chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy, halogen, halo $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy-CO-, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, mono- or di $(C_1-C_6)$ alkylamino, and carboxyl;

 $R_3 \text{ is chosen from hydroxy, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_2-C_6)\text{alkenyl, hydroxy}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkoxy, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkoxy}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, hydroxy}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkoxy}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_3-C_7)\text{cycloalkyl}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, aryl, aryl}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, aryloxy, aryl}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkoxy, aryloxy}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, aryl}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkoxy}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, halo}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, NH}_2,\\ \text{amino}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, mono- or di}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkylamino,mono- or di}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkylamino}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl-CO-, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl-CO-O-, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl-CO-O-(}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl-CO-O-(}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl-CO-O-(}(C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1$ 

 $C_6$ )alkoxy-CO-, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ )alkoxy-CO-( $C_1$ - $C_6$ )alkyl, ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ )alkoxy-CO-( $C_1$ - $C_6$ )alkyl, carbamoyl, mono- or di( $C_1$ - $C_6$ )alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl and ( $C_1$ - $C_6$ )alkyl,  $C_6$ )alkyl,

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wherein the  $(C_3-C_7)$ cycloalkyl or aryl group is unsubstituted or is substituted with 1 or 2 substituents each independently chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, halogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,  $NH_2$ , CN and  $NO_2$ , or one of  $R_3$  or  $R_4$  and  $R_6$  together form a bond between the ring atoms to which they are attached;

 $R_4$  is chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy and  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl;

 $R_5$  is chosen from H, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ alkenyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_3-C_7)$ cycloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_7)$ cycloalkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, aryl, aryl,

wherein the  $(C_3-C_7)$ cycloalkyl or aryl is unsubstituted or is substituted with 1 or 2 substituents each independently chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, halogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, CN and NO<sub>2</sub>, or R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> form, together with the carbon ring atoms to which they are attached, a condensed five to seven membered saturated carbocyclic ring substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents, R<sub>9</sub>,

wherein  $R_9$  are each independently chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, halogen, NH<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>,  $(C_3-C_7)$ cycloalkyl, hydroxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, halo $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, amino $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, mono- or di $(C_1-C_6)$ alkylamino, mono- or di $(C_1-C_6)$ alkylamino $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,

 $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, carboxyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-CO-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-CO-O-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy-CO-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy-CO- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, carbamoyl mono- or di $(C_1-C_6)$ alkylcarbamoyl and oxo;

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 $R_6$  is chosen from H, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy and  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy( $C_1-C_6$ )alkyl, or  $R_6$  forms a bond between the ring atom to which it is attached and the ring atom to which  $R_7$  is attached;

 $R_7$  is chosen from H, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy and  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl;

 $R_8 \text{ is H, hydroxy, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, hydroxy} (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy or } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy} (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl;}$ 

 $R_{15} \text{ is chosen from H, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_2\text{-}C_6)\text{alkenyl, hydroxy}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, hydroxy}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, halo}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, amino}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, mono- or di}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkylamino}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl-CO-, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl-CO-} (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy-CO-, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy-CO-} (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy-CO-} (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, carbamoyl, mono- or di}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkylcarbamoyl and carboxyl;}$ 

R<sub>16</sub> is chosen from H and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl;

 $R_7$  and  $R_8$  are attached to the carbon ring atoms, which are adjacent; and m is 0 to 2;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

- 41. (New) The compound according to claim 40, wherein X is O.
- 42. (New) The compound according to claim 40, wherein X is S.
- 43. (New) The compound according to claim 40, wherein  $R_3$  is chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alk

and  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-CO-O- $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, and  $R_4$  chosen from is  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl and hydroxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl.

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- 44. (New) The compound according to claim 40, wherein R<sub>3</sub> is chosen from hydroxy, hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, and R<sub>4</sub> is (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl.
- 45. (New) The compound according to claim 40, wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  form, together with the carbon ring atoms to which they are attached, a condensed six membered saturated carbocyclic ring.
- 46. (New) The compound according to claim 40, wherein the compound is  $1\alpha$ -Methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11b-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-ol, ( $1\alpha$ -Methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11b $\beta$ -hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-yl)-methanol, (-)-(1 $\alpha$ -Methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bβ-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-yl)-methanol, (+)- $(1\alpha$ -Methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bβ-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-yl)methanol, 1α-lsopropyl-1,3,4,5,6,11b-Hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1ol,  $1\alpha$ -Ethyl-1,3,4,5,6,11b $\beta$ -hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-ol, ( $1\alpha$ -Ethyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bβ-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-yl)-methanol, (1-Hydroxymethyl-1,3,4,5,6,11b-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-yl]methanol, 1-Methoxymethyl- $1\alpha$ -methyl- $1,3,4,5,6,11b\beta$ -hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-azabenzo[a]fluorene, (-)-1-Methoxymethyl-1 $\alpha$ -methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11b $\beta$ -hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluorene, (+)-1-Methoxymethyl-1 $\alpha$ -methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11b $\beta$ -hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluorene,  $1\alpha$ -Methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11b- $\alpha$ -hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluorene-1-carboxylic acid ethyl ester, 1-Ethoxymethyl-1α-methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11b $\beta$ -hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluorene, (1 $\alpha$ -Methyl- $1,3,4,5,6,11b\alpha$ -hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-yl)-methanol, (-)-( $1\alpha$ -

Methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bα-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-yl)-methanol, (+)-(1α-Methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bα-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-yl)-methanol, 1α–Ethyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bα-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluorene-1-carboxylic methyl ester, 1-Methoxymethyl-1α-methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bα-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluorene, (-)-1-Methoxymethyl-1α-methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bα-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluorene, (+)-1-Methoxymethyl-1α-methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bα-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluorene, (1α-Ethyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bα-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluorene-1-yl)-methanol or acetic acid 1α-Methyl-1,3,4,5,6,11bβ-hexahydro-2H-11-oxa-4a-aza-benzo[a]fluoren-1-ylmethyl ester.

- 47. (New) The pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound according to claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent, carrier and/or excipient.
- 48. (New) A method for the treatment of a disease or condition where an antagonist of the alpha-2C adrenoceptor is indicated to be useful, comprising administering to a patient in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound of formula IA:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_{16} \\ \hline \\ (R_1)m \\ \hline \\ X \\ \hline \\ R_3 \\ \hline \\ R_4 \\ \hline \\ R_5 \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad IA$$

wherein,

X is O or S;

Z is -CHR<sub>8</sub>-;

 $R_1$  is chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy, halogen, halo $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy-CO-, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, mono- or di $(C_1-C_6)$ alkylamino, and carboxyl;

 $R_3 \text{ is chosen from hydroxy, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_2\text{-}C_6)\text{alkenyl, hydroxy}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, hydroxy}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_3\text{-}C_7)\text{cycloalkyl, } (C_3\text{-}C_7)\text{cycloalkyl, } (C_3\text{-}C_7)\text{cycloalkyl, aryl}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, aryl}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, aryloxy, aryloxy, aryloxy, aryloxy}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, aryl}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, halo}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, NH}_2, \\ \text{amino}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, mono- or di}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkylamino,mono- or di}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, aryloxy, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy-CO-}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy-CO-}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy-CO-}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkoxy-CO-}(C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1\text{-}C_6)\text{alkyl, }$ 

wherein the (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>)cycloalkyl or aryl group is unsubstituted or is substituted with 1 or 2 substituents each independently chosen from hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-

C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxy, NH<sub>2</sub>, CN and NO<sub>2</sub>, or one of R<sub>3</sub> or R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> together form a bond between the ring atoms to which they are attached;

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 $R_4$  is chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy and  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl;

 $R_5$  is chosen from H, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_2-C_6)$ alkenyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_3-C_7)$ cycloalkyl,  $(C_3-C_7)$ cycloalkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, aryl, aryl, aryl, aryl, aryl, aryl, aryloxy, aryloxy,

wherein the  $(C_3-C_7)$ cycloalkyl or aryl is unsubstituted or is substituted with 1 or 2 substituents each independently chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, halogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,  $NH_2$ , CN and  $NO_2$ , or  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  form, together with the carbon ring atoms to which they are attached, a condensed five to seven membered saturated carbocyclic ring substituted with 1, 2, or 3 substituents,  $R_9$ ,

wherein  $R_9$  are each independently chosen from hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, halogen, NH<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>,  $(C_3-C_7)$ cycloalkyl, hydroxy( $C_1-C_6$ )alkyl, halo( $C_1-C_6$ )alkyl, amino( $C_1-C_6$ )alkyl, mono- or di( $C_1-C_6$ )alkylamino, mono- or di( $C_1-C_6$ )alkylamino( $C_1-C_6$ )alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy( $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, carboxyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-CO-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-CO-o-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy-CO-,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy-CO-( $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, carbamoyl mono- or di( $(C_1-C_6)$ alkylcarbamoyl and oxo;

 $R_6$  is chosen from H, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy and  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy( $C_1-C_6$ )alkyl, or  $R_6$  forms a bond between the ring atom to which it is attached and the ring atom to which  $R_7$  is attached;

 $R_7$  is chosen from H, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy and  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl;

 $R_8$  is H, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, hydroxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy or  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl;

 $R_{15} \text{ is chosen from H, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_2-C_6)\text{alkenyl, hydroxy} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, hydroxy} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, halo} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, amino} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, mono- or di} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkylamino} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl-CO-, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl-CO-} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkoxy-CO-, } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkoxy-CO-} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, carbamoyl, mono- or di} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkylcarbamoyl and carboxyl; } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, carbamoyl, mono- or di} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkylcarbamoyl and carboxyl; } (C_1-C_6)\text{alkyl, carbamoyl, mono- or di} (C_1-C_6)\text{alkylcarbamoyl and carboxyl; } ($ 

R<sub>16</sub> is chosen from H and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl;

 $R_7$  and  $R_8$  are attached to the carbon ring atoms, which are adjacent; and m is 0 to 2;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

49. (New) The method according to claim 48, wherein the disease or condition is chosen from a mental disorder propagated by stress, Parkinson's disease, depression, schizophrenia, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, post-traumatic stress-disorder, anxiety disorders, obsessive compulsive disorder, Tourette's syndrome, blepharospasm and other focal dystonias, temporal lobe epilepsy with psychosis, druginduced psychosis, Huntington's disease, disorders caused by fluctuation of the levels of sex hormones, and panic disorder.